



## OVERDOSES:

- Fiscal year 2021, Boone, Campbell and Kenton counties had 189 fatal overdoses.
- Fiscal year 2022, Boone Campbell and Kenton Counties had 150 fatal overdoses
- Northern Kentucky loses someone to fatal overdose approximately every 2.5-3 days.
- Northern Kentucky has an of 4.4 non-fatal overdoses each day, called in through dispatch.
- FY22 was the first year since 2016, that NKY (Boone, Campbell, Kenton) was not in top five counties for the state for fatal overdoses; ***overdoses are trending upwards for FY23.***
- Reasons for decrease: changes in drug trends with increase of stimulants, expanded treatment options, distributing thousands of units of Naloxone / Narcan and overdoses not going through the “system doors.”
- Persons served in the Emergency Department for a substance use problem: 1,266
  - In the first six months of 2022, 745 persons (59%) presented for overdose.
  - Thirteen percent (13%) of those patients were repeat patients having been in the ED in 2022 for a similar problem.
  - St. Elizabeth six-month data reflects that our annual totals will parallel the number served in 2021 for opioid and other substance use disorders (2,578 for OUD/SUD and 1590 for overdose).

## ADDICTION in Northern Kentucky:

- Northern Kentucky has approximately 9,000 - 12,000 people in active addiction, including alcohol.
- Approximately, another 9,000 are seeking treatment or recovery.
- Mental health emergency department visits for youth and adults have increased.
- All crisis calls (mental health, addiction, suicide, domestic violence) are steadily increasing.
  - Over 51,000 persons served in St. Elizabeth Physicians primary care offices in 2021 had a primary or secondary diagnosis of substance use disorder.
- On average, there are **425 patients per month** hospitalized with a primary or secondary diagnosis of OUD/SUD.
  - Of the 4,194 babies born in St. Elizabeth Labor and Delivery in 2021, 139 were opiate exposed and 23 babies were born in withdrawal requiring medication.

## RECOVERY & REENTRY:

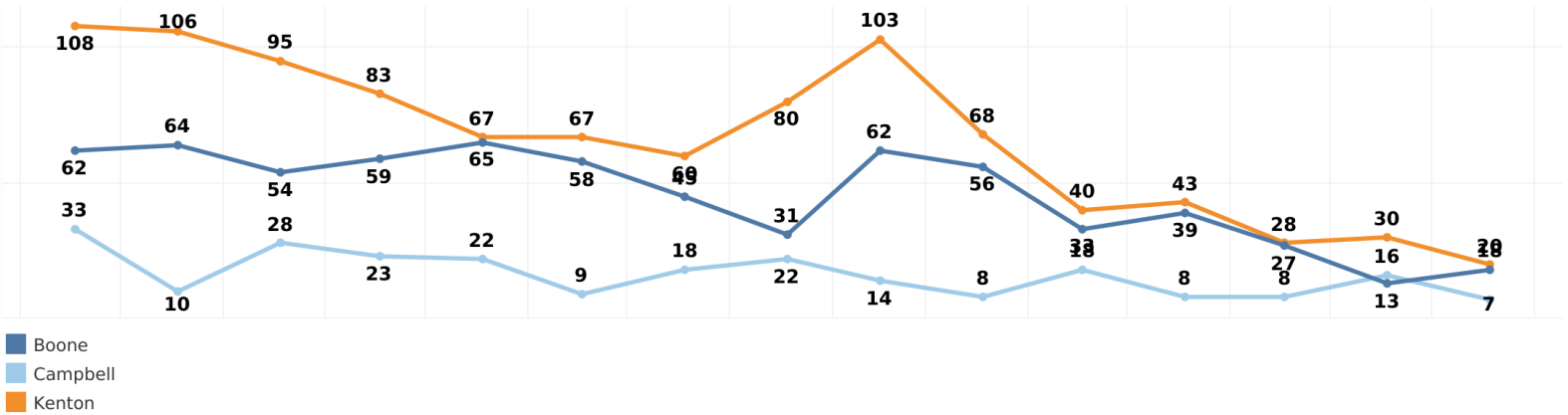
- Eighty percent (80%) of individuals in active addiction are currently in the workforce, (*pre-Covid data*).
- Top three reasons for Kentucky’s low labor participation rate: individuals with felonies, individuals struggling with addiction, individuals with disabilities.
- Kentucky is in the top five states for having two parents incarcerated, (*pre-Covid data*).
- Approximately, 80-85% of individuals held in county detention centers have addiction or mental health issues.
- Top two indicators for folks in recovery: Safe, affordable, quality housing and meaningful employment.



Date of Dispatch Reports

7/1/2021 12:00:00 AM to 9/27/2022 12:00:00 AM

**Northern Kentucky Office of Drug Control Policy**  
**Overdoses & Non-Responsive Persons Reports**  
(includes obvious deaths (DOA), drug overdoses and alcohol poisonings)



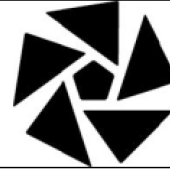
	July 2021	August 2021	September 2021	October 2021	November 2021	December 2021	January 2022	February 2022	March 2022	April 2022	May 2022	June 2022	July 2022	August 2022	September 2022	Grand Total
<b>Boone</b>	62	64	54	59	65	58	45	31	62	56	33	39	27	13	18	686
<b>Campbell</b>	33	10	28	23	22	9	18	22	14	8	18	8	8	16	7	244
<b>Kenton</b>	108	106	95	83	67	67	60	80	103	68	40	43	28	30	20	998
<b>Total</b>	203	180	177	165	154	134	123	133	179	132	91	90	63	59	45	1,928

updated: September 27, 2022..



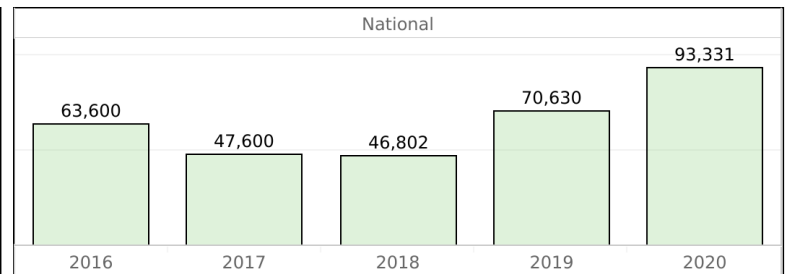
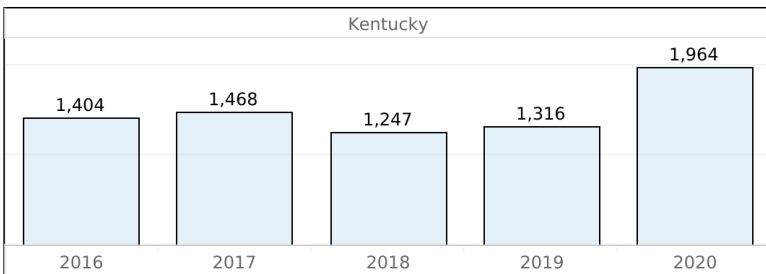
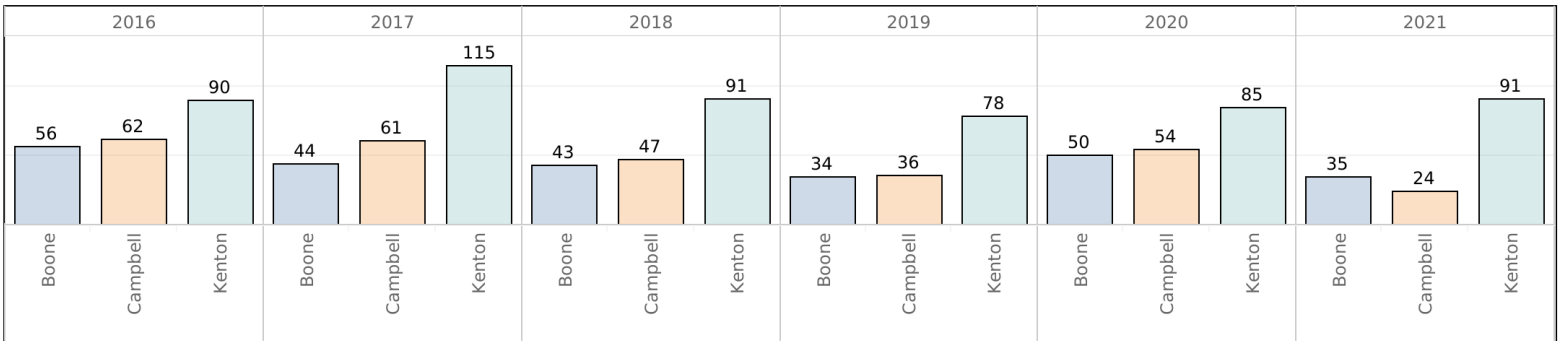
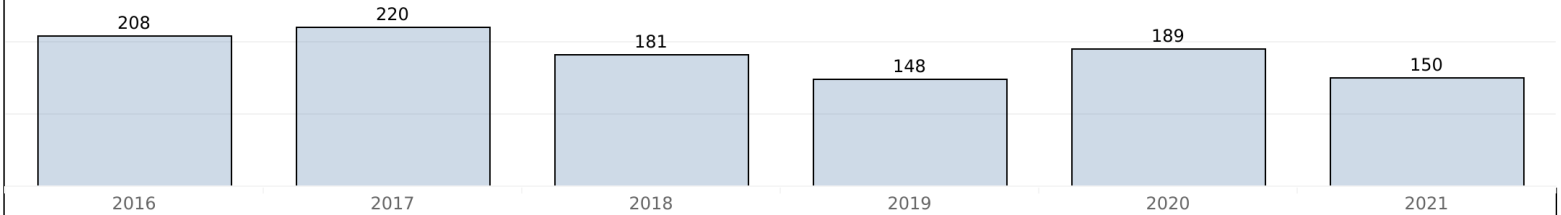
**Regional Overdose Fatalities  
2016 - 2021\***

State and National  
(2016-2020)



**NKYODCP**  
*Creating chances, creating change.*

**Northern Kentucky Region  
(Boone, Kenton & Campbell Counties)**



Sources: Kentucky Death Certificate Database, Kentucky Office of Vital Statistics, Cabinet..

\*2021 Preliminary Data | Region includes Boone, Campbell and Kenton Counties, Kentucky